



**Henny Penny  
Pressure Fryer  
Model PFG-690**

# **OPERATOR'S MANUAL**

**REGISTER WARRANTY ONLINE AT [WWW.HENNYPENNY.COM](http://WWW.HENNYPENNY.COM)**



## **LIMITED WARRANTY FOR HENNY PENNY EQUIPMENT**

Subject to the following conditions, Henny Penny Corporation makes the following limited warranties to the original purchaser only for Henny Penny appliances and replacement parts:

**NEW EQUIPMENT:** Any part of a new appliance, except baskets, lamps, and fuses, which proves to be defective in material or workmanship within two (2) years from date of original installation, will be repaired or replaced without charge F.O.B. factory, Eaton, Ohio, or F.O.B. authorized distributor. Baskets will be repaired or replaced for ninety (90) days from date of original installation. Lamps and fuses are not covered under this Limited Warranty. To validate this warranty, the registration card for the appliance must be mailed to Henny Penny within ten (10) days after installation.

**FILTER SYSTEM:** Failure of any parts within a fryer filter system caused by the use of the non-OEM filters or other unapproved filters is not covered under this Limited Warranty.

**REPLACEMENT PARTS:** Any appliance replacement part, except lamps and fuses, which proves to be defective in material or workmanship within ninety (90) days from date of original installation will be repaired or replaced without charge F.O.B. factory, Eaton, Ohio, or F.O.B. authorized distributor.

The warranty for new equipment covers the repair or replacement of the defective part and includes labor charges and maximum mileage charges of 200 miles round trip for a period of one (1) year from the date of original installation.

The warranty for replacement parts covers only the repair or replacement of the defective part and does not include any labor charges for the removal and installation of any parts, travel, or other expenses incidental to the repair or replacement of a part.

**EXTENDED FRYPOT WARRANTY:** Henny Penny will replace any frypot that fails due to manufacturing or workmanship issues for a period of up to seven (7) years from date of manufacture. This warranty shall not cover any frypot that fails due to any misuse or abuse, such as heating of the frypot without shortening.

**0 TO 3 YEARS:** During this time, any frypot that fails due to manufacturing or workmanship issues will be replaced at no charge for parts, labor, or freight. Henny Penny will either install a new frypot at no cost or provide a new or reconditioned replacement fryer at no cost.

**3 TO 7 YEARS:** During this time, any frypot that fails due to manufacturing or workmanship issues will be replaced at no charge for the frypot only. Any freight charges and labor costs to install the new frypot as well as the cost of any other parts replaced, such as insulation, thermal sensors, high limits, fittings, and hardware, will be the responsibility of the owner.

Any claim must be presented to either Henny Penny or the distributor from whom the appliance was purchased. No allowance will be granted for repairs made by anyone else without Henny Penny's written consent. If damage occurs during shipping, notify the sender at once so that a claim may be filed.

THE ABOVE LIMITED WARRANTY SETS FORTH THE SOLE REMEDY AGAINST HENNY PENNY FOR ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY OR OTHER TERM. BUYER AGREES THAT NO OTHER REMEDY (INCLUDING CLAIMS FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES) SHALL BE AVAILABLE.

The above limited warranty does not apply (a) to damage resulting from accident, alteration, misuse, or abuse; (b) if the equipment's serial number is removed or defaced; or (c) for lamps and fuses. THE ABOVE LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS, AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES ARE EXCLUDED. HENNY PENNY NEITHER ASSUMES NOR AUTHORIZES ANY PERSON TO ASSUME FOR IT ANY OTHER OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY.

Revised 01/01/07

## NOTICE

This manual should be retained in a convenient location for future reference.

A wiring diagram for this appliance is located on the rear shroud cover of the control panel.

Post in a prominent location, instructions to be followed if user smells gas. This information should be obtained by consulting the local gas supplier.

Do not obstruct the flow of combustion and ventilation air. Adequate clearance must be left all around appliance for sufficient air to the combustion chamber.

The Model PFG-690 pressure fryer is equipped with a continuous pilot. But fryer cannot be operated with out electric power. Fryer will automatically return to normal operation when power is restored.

## CAUTION

*Keep appliance area free and clear from combustibles.*



**Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the installation, operating and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.**



**DO NOT STORE OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE VAPORS AND LIQUIDS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS OR ANY OTHER APPLIANCE. FIRE OR EXPLOSION COULD RESULT.**

**Technical Data for CE Marked Products**

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Nominal Heat Input:<br>(Net)   | Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 26,4 kW (90,000 Btu/h)<br>Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 26,4 kW (90,000 Btu/h)<br>Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 23,75 kW (81,000 Btu/h)<br>Liquid Propane (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 27,0 kW (92,000 Btu/h)   |
| Nominal Heat Input:<br>(Gross) | Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 29,3 kW (100,000 Btu/h)<br>Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 29,3 kW (100,000 Btu/h)<br>Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 26,4 kW (90,000 Btu/h)<br>Liquid Propane (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 29,3 kW (100,000 Btu/h) |
| Supply Pressure:               | Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 20 mbar<br>Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 20 mbar<br>Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 25 mbar<br>Liquid Propane (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 37/50 mbar   |
| Test Point Pressure:           | Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 8,7 mbar<br>Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 8,7 mbar<br>Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 8,7 mbar<br>Liquid Propane (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 25 mbar   |
| Injector Size:                 | Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 2,51 mm<br>Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 2,51 mm<br>Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 2,85 mm<br>Liquid Propane (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 1,04 mm  |

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations in force and only used in a suitable ventilated location. Read the instructions fully before installing or using the appliance.

**Datos Tecnicos Para Products CE**

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Consumo Calorico Nominal:<br>(Neto)  | Gas Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 26,4 kW (90,000 Btu/h)<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 26,4 kW (90,000 Btu/h)<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 23,75 kW (81,000 Btu/h)<br>Propano Licuado (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 27,0 kW (92,000 Btu/h)   |
| Consumo Calorico Nominal:<br>(Bruto) | Gas Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 29,3 kW (100,000 Btu/h)<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 29,3 kW (100,000 Btu/h)<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 26,4 kW (90,000 Btu/h)<br>Propano Licuado (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 29,3 kW (100,000 Btu/h) |
| Presion De Alimentacion:             | Gas Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 20 mbar<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 20 mbar<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 25 mbar<br>Propano Licuado (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 37/50 mbar   |
| Presion En Ez Punto De Prueba:       | Gas Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 8,7 mbar<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 8,7 mbar<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 8,7 mbar<br>Propano Licuado (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 25 mbar   |
| Diámetro Boquilla:                   | Gas Natural (I <sub>2H</sub> ) = 2,51 mm<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2E</sub> ) = 2,51 mm<br>Gas Natural (I <sub>2S</sub> ) = 2,85 mm<br>Propano Licuado (I <sub>3p</sub> ) = 1,04 mm  |

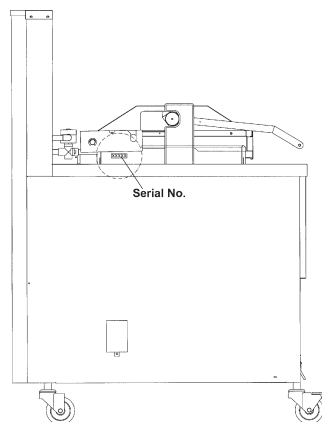
Este equipo debe instalarse únicamente en un recinto adecuadamente ventilado y conforme a las indicaciones del fabricante y a las normas vigentes. Lea completamente las instrucciones antes de instalar o usar este equipo.

## **HENNY PENNY 8 HEAD GAS PRESSURE FRYER SPECIFICATIONS**

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Height          | 61" (155 cm)  |
| Width           | 24" (61 cm)   |
| Depth           | 41¾" (106 cm)   |
| Floor Space     | Approximately 7 sq. ft. (0.65 sq. m.)   |
| Pot Capacity    | 8 head of chicken (24 lbs.) (10.9 kg)<br>130 lbs. shortening (59 kg)                          |
| Electrical      | 120 VAC, 1 Phase, 50/60 Hz, 10 Amp, 3 Wire Service<br>230 VAC, 1 Phase, 50 Hz, 3 Wire Service |
| Heating         | Propane or Natural Gas; 100,000 btu/hr (105.51 MJ/hr)   |
| Pressure        | 12 psi operating pressure (827 mbar)<br>14.5 psi safety relief pressure (999 mbar)            |
| Shipping Weight | Approximately 935 lbs. (424 kg)   |

### **NOTICE**

A data plate, located on the back shroud behind the lid, gives the information of the type of fryer, serial number, warranty date, and other information pertaining to fryer. Also, the serial number is stamped on the outside of the frypot. See figure below.



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Distributors List - Domestic and International





## SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1-1. PRESSURE FRYER

The Henny Penny Pressure Fryer is a basic unit of food processing equipment which is used only in institutional and commercial food service operations.

#### **P-H-T**

A combination of pressure, heat, and time is automatically controlled to produce the optimum in a tasty, appealing product.

#### **Pressure**

Pressure is basic to this method of food preparation. The pressure is developed from the natural moisture of the food. The patented lid traps this moisture and uses it as steam. Because the steam builds rapidly, a greater part of the natural juices are retained within the food. A deadweight assembly vents excess steam from the pot and maintains constant live steam pressure.

#### **Heat**

Heat generated is another important factor of the pressure fryer. Energy savings is realized due to the unit's short frying time, low temperature, and heat retention of the stainless steel frypot.

#### **Time**

Time is important because the shorter time involved in frying foods results in additional economies for the user. Foods are table ready in less time than it would take to fry them in a conventional open-type fryer.

### **NOTICE**



As of August 16, 2005, the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment directive went into effect for the European Union. Our products have been evaluated to the WEEE directive. We have also reviewed our products to determine if they comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances directive (RoHS) and have redesigned our products as needed in order to comply. To continue compliance with these directives, this unit must not be disposed as unsorted municipal waste. For proper disposal, please contact your nearest Henny Penny distributor.

### 1-2. PROPER CARE

As in any unit of food service equipment, the Henny Penny Pressure Fryer does require care and maintenance. Requirements for the maintenance and cleaning are contained in this manual and must become a regular part of the operation of the unit at all times.

### 1-3. ASSISTANCE

Should you require outside assistance, call your local independent distributor in your area, call Henny Penny Corp. at 1-800-417-8405 or 1-937-456-8405, or go to Henny Penny online at [www.hennypenny.com](http://www.hennypenny.com).

## **1-4. SAFETY**

The Henny Penny Pressure Fryer has many safety features incorporated. However, the only way to ensure a safe operation is to fully understand the proper installation, operation, and maintenance procedures. The instructions in this manual have been prepared to aid you in learning the proper procedures. Where information is of particular importance or safety related, the words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTICE are used. Their usage is described below.



SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL is used with DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION which indicates a personal injury type hazard.



NOTICE is used to highlight especially important information.



*CAUTION used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.*



*CAUTION used with the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.*



**WARNING** indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



**DANGER INDICATES AN IMMINENTLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, WILL RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.**

## SECTION 2. INSTALLATION

### 2-1. INTRODUCTION

This section provides the installation and unpacking instructions for the Henny Penny PFG-690.

#### NOTICE

Installation of this unit should be performed only by a qualified service technician.



**Do not puncture the fryer with any objects such as drills or screws as electrical shock or component damage could result.**

### 2-2. UNPACKING INSTRUCTIONS

#### NOTICE

Any shipping damage should be noted in the presence of the delivery agent and signed prior to his or her departure.

1. Cut and remove the plastic bands from the main box.
2. Remove the box lid and lift the main box off the fryer.
3. Remove four corner packing supports.
4. Cut the stretch film from around the carrier/rack box and remove it from the top of the fryer lid.
5. Cut and remove the metal bands holding the fryer to the pallet.



**All counterweights must be loaded before unlatching the lid, or personal injury could result.**

6. Remove the fryer from the pallet.



**Take care when moving the fryer to prevent personal injury. The fryer weighs approximately 935 lbs. (424 kg).**

**2-2. UNPACKING  
INSTRUCTIONS  
(Continued)**

7. Remove the counterweights, which are strapped to the pallet under the fryer, from the pallet.



*Do not drop. The counterweights weigh approximately 18 lbs. (8.1 kg) each. Handle with care, or personal injury could result.*

8. Remove rear service cover.
9. Load the 7 weights into the counterweight assembly.
10. Replace rear service cover.



**To avoid personal injury and assure safe operation of unit, rear service cover must be in place.**

11. Cut warning tags from the lid assembly. The lid may now be unlatched.
12. Remove the accessories from inside the filter drain pan.



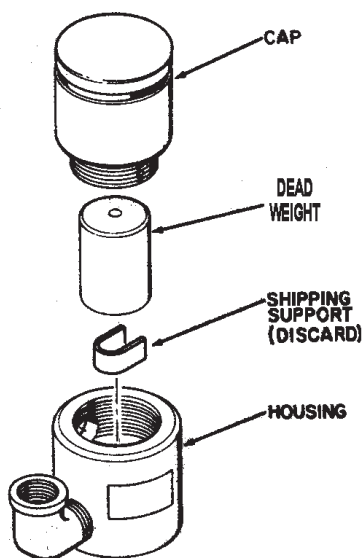
The fittings for installing the gas line are in a separate box, along with the accessories, in the filter drain pan.

13. Prepare the deadweight valve for operation



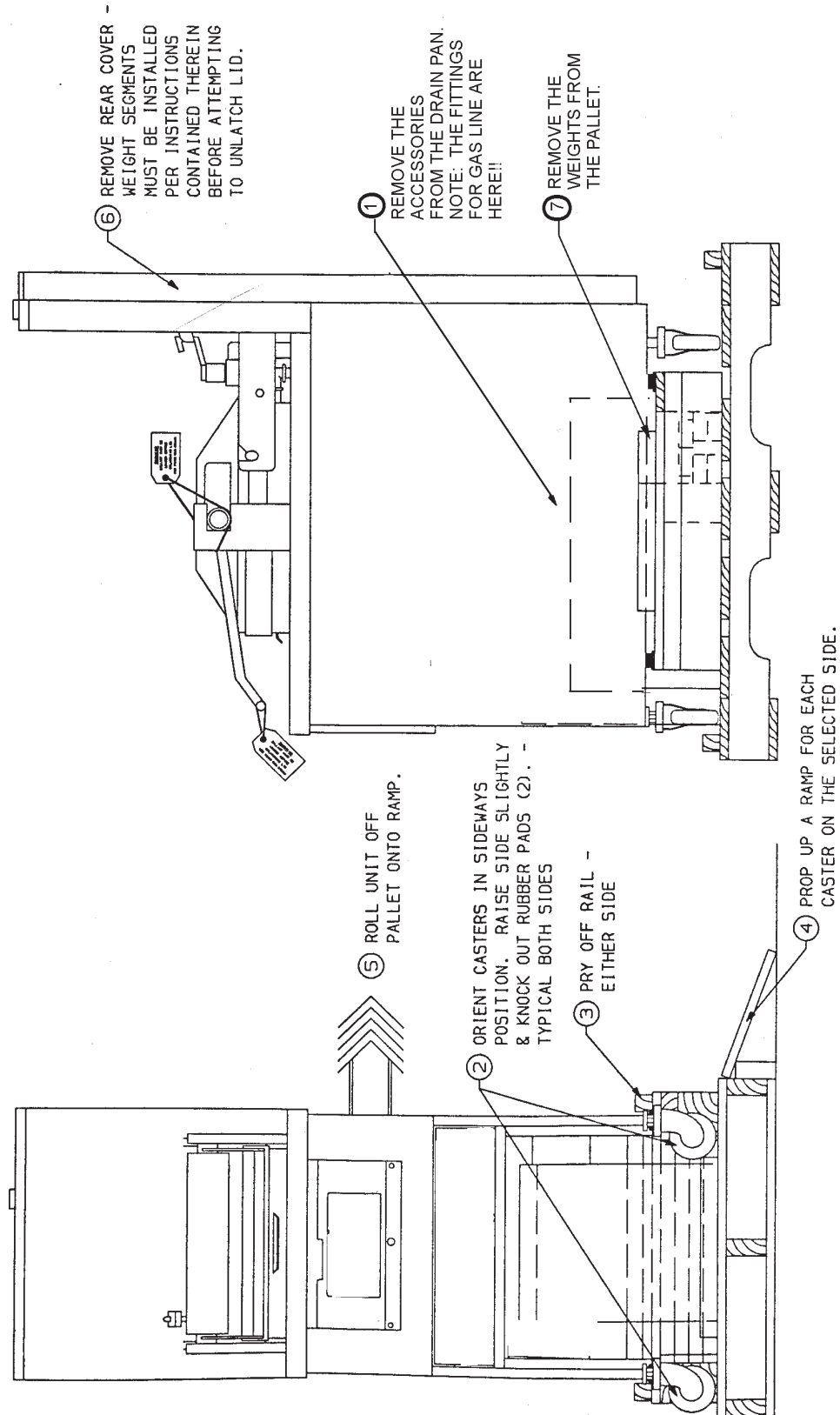
The metal shipping support is placed within the deadweight assembly housing to protect the deadweight orifice and deadweight during shipment. This support must be removed prior to installation and start-up.

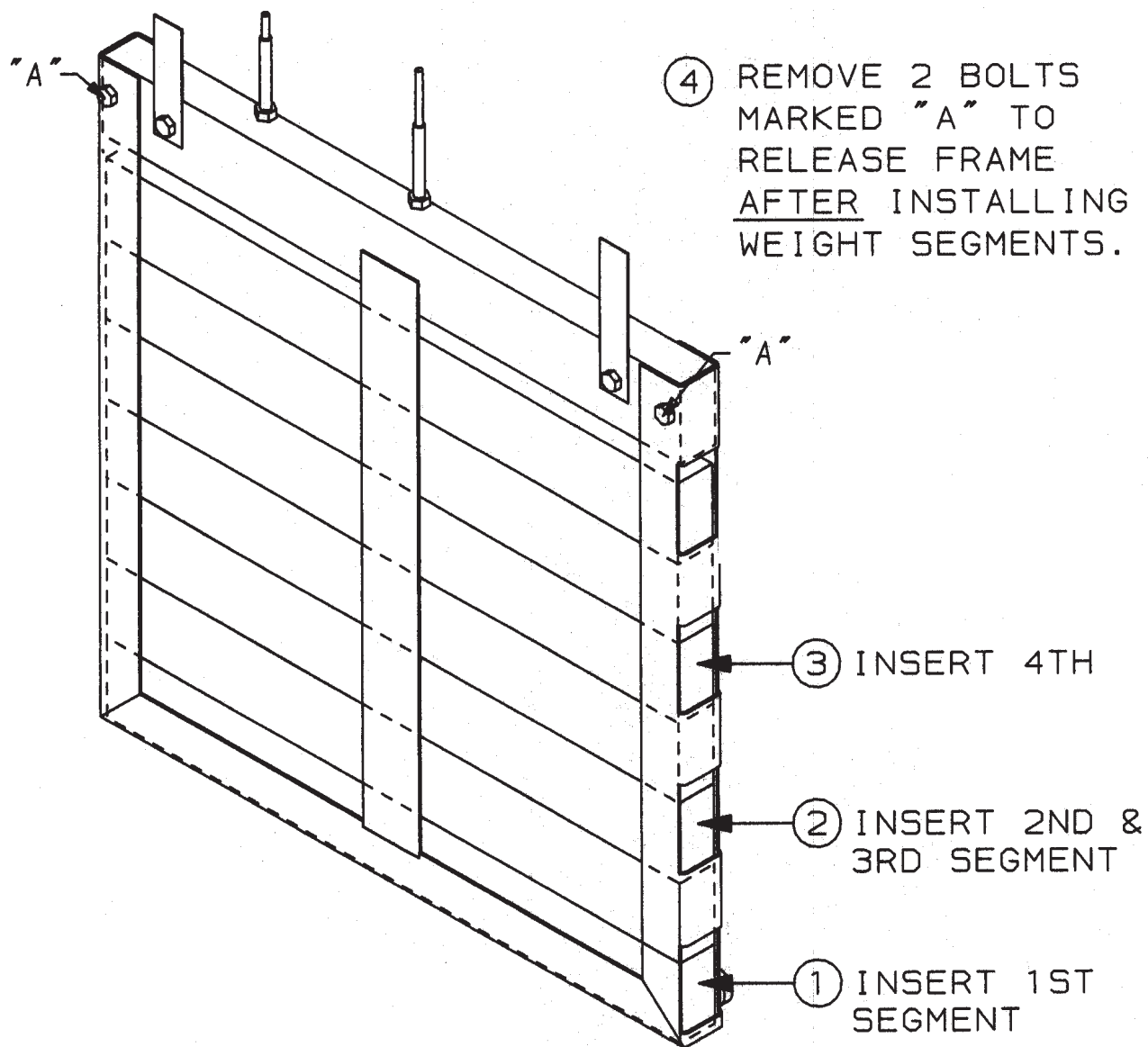
- a. Unscrew the deadweight cap.
- b. Remove the deadweight.
- c. Remove and discard the shipping support.
- d. Clean the deadweight orifice with a dry cloth.
- e. Carefully place deadweight over deadweight orifice. Replace deadweight cap, finger tight.



14. Remove the protective paper from the fryer cabinet. Clean exterior surface with a damp cloth.

## Optional Ramp Unloading





- \* EACH WEIGHT SEGMENT WEIGHS APPROXIMATELY 18 LBS. (8.1 KG) – HANDLE WITH CARE.
- \* ALL SEGMENTS ARE IDENTICAL.
- \* ALL SEGMENTS MUST BE INSTALLED AND SECURED IN THE FRAME BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO UNLATCH LID.

## **2-3. SELECTING THE LOCATION**

The proper location of the fryer is very important for operation, speed, and convenience. Choose a location which will provide easy loading and unloading without interfering with the final assembly of food orders. Operators have found that frying from raw to finish, and holding the product in a warmer provides fast, continuous service. Landing or dumping tables should be provided next to, at least, one side of the fryer. Keep in mind the best efficiency will be obtained by a straight line operation, i.e., raw in one side and finish out the other side. Order assembly can be moved away with only a slight loss of efficiency. To properly service the fryer, 24 inches (60.96 cm) of clearance is needed on all sides of the fryer. Access for servicing can be attained by removing a side panel. Also, at least 6 inches (15.24 cm) around the base of the unit is needed for proper air supply to the combustion chamber.



*To avoid a fire, install the fryer with minimum clearance from all combustible and noncombustible materials, 6 inches (15.24 cm) from side and 6 inches (15.24 cm) from back. If installed properly, the gas fryer is designed for operation on combustible floors and adjacent to combustible walls.*

*To avoid fire and ruined supplies, the area under the 690 fryer should not be used to store supplies.*

*Do not spray aerosols in the vicinity of this appliance while it is in operation.*



**To prevent severe burns from splashing hot shortening, position and install fryer to prevent tipping or movement. Restraining ties may be used for stabilization.**

## **2-4. LEVELING THE FRYER**

For proper operation, level the fryer from side to side and front to back, using level on the flat areas around the frypot collar.



**FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE LEVELING INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT WHICH COULD CAUSE SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**



## **2-5. VENTILATION OF FRYER**

The fryer must be located with provision for venting into adequate exhaust hood or ventilation system. This is essential to permit efficient removal of the flue gases and frying odors. Special precaution must be taken in designing an exhaust canopy to avoid interference with the operation of the fryer. We recommend you consult a local ventilation or heating company to help in designing an adequate system.

### **NOTICE**

Ventilation must conform to local, state, and national codes. Consult your local fire department or building authorities.

## **2-6. GAS SUPPLY**

The gas fryer is factory available for either natural or propane gas. Check the data plate on the right side panel of the cabinet to determine the proper gas supply requirements. The minimum supply for natural gas is 7 inches water column (1.74 kPa), and 10 inches water column (2.49 kPa) for propane.

### **WARNING** **EXPLOSION RISK**

**Do not attempt to use any gas other than that specified on the data plate. Incorrect gas supply could cause a fire or explosion resulting in severe injuries and/or property damage.**

Please refer below for the recommended hookup of the fryer to main gas line supply.

### **WARNING**

**To avoid possible serious personal injury:**

- **Installation must conform with local, state, and national codes, and be in accordance with Canadian Gas Authority Standard CSA B149-2, Installation Codes - Gas Burning Appliances and in accordance with Australian Gas Association current edition of AS5601 Gas Installations.**
- **The fryer and its manual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psig (3.45kPa)(34.47mbar)**



**2-6. GAS SUPPLY**  
**(Continued)**

- The fryer must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psig (3.45 kPa) (34.47 mbar).
- A standard 3/4 inch, black steel pipe and malleable fittings should be used for gas service connections.
- Do not use cast iron fittings.
- Although 3/4 inch size pipe is recommended, piping should be of adequate size and installed to provide a supply of gas sufficient to meet the maximum demand without undue loss of pressure between the meter and the fryer. The pressure loss in the piping system should not exceed 0.3 inch water column (0.747 mbar).

Provisions should be made for moving the fryer for cleaning and servicing. This may be accomplished by:

1. Installing a manual gas shutoff valve and disconnect union, or
2. Installing a heavy-duty (min. 3/4 inch) design A.G.A. certified connector which complies with standard connectors for moveable gas appliances. ANSI Z21.69 or CAN/CSA 6.16. Also, a quick-disconnect coupling which complies with the Standard for Quick-Disconnect Devices for use with Gas Fuel, ANSI Z21.41 or CAN 1-6.9. Also, adequate means must be provided to limit the movement of the fryer without depending on the connector and any quick-disconnect device or its associated piping to limit the fryer movement.
3. See the illustration on the following page for the proper connections of the flexible gas line and cable restraint.

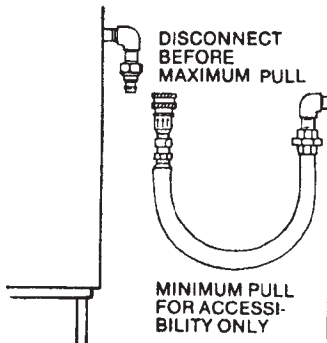
**NOTICE**

The cable restraint limits the distance the fryer can be pulled from the wall. For cleaning and servicing the fryer, the cable must be unsnapped from the unit and the flexible gas line disconnected. This will allow better access to all sides of the fryer. The gas line and cable restraint must be reconnected once the cleaning or servicing is complete.

## 2-6. GAS SUPPLY (Continued)

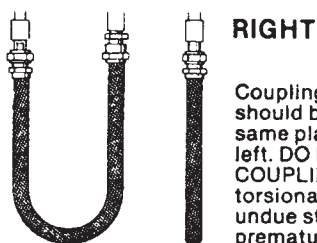
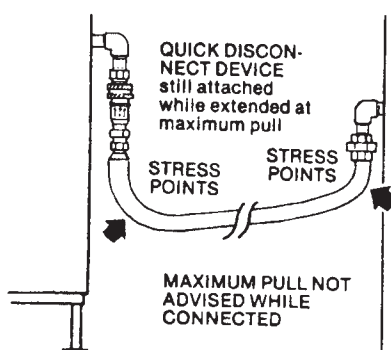
### RIGHT

MINIMUM PULL of equipment away from wall permissible for accessibility to Quick Disconnect Device.



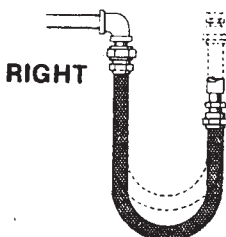
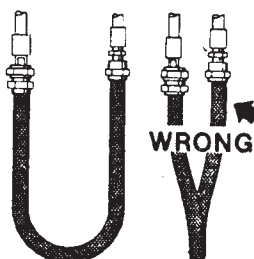
### WRONG

AVOID SHARP BENDS AND KINKS when pulling equipment away from wall. (Maximum pull will kink ends, even if installed properly, and reduce Connector life.)



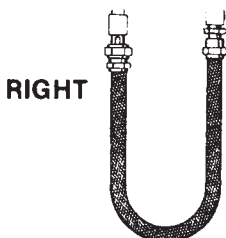
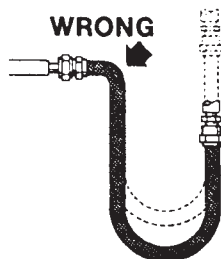
### RIGHT

Couplings and hose should be installed in the same plane as shown at left. DO NOT OFFSET COUPLINGS—this causes torsional twisting and undue strain causing premature failure.



### RIGHT

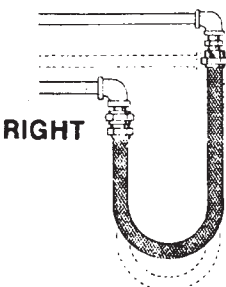
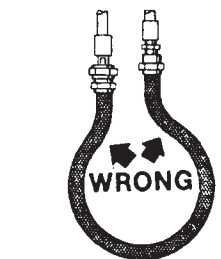
This is the correct way to install metal hose for vertical traverse. Note the single, natural loop. Allowing a sharp bend, as shown at right, strains and twists the metal hose to a point of early failure at the coupling.



### RIGHT

Maintain the minimum or larger bending diameter between the couplings for longest life.

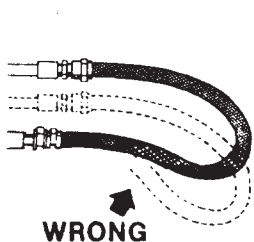
Closing in the diameter at the couplings, as shown at right, creates double bends causing work fatigue failure of the fittings.



### RIGHT

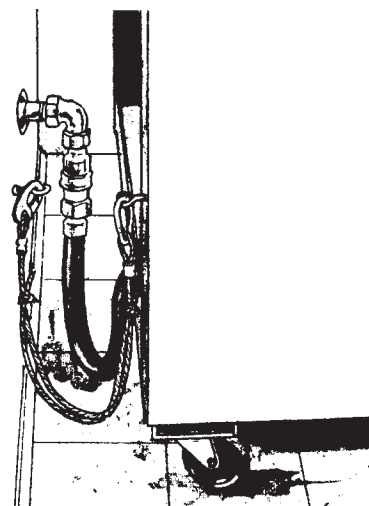
In all installations where "self-draining" is not necessary, connect metal hose in a vertical loop.

DO NOT CONNECT METAL HOSE HORIZONTALLY... unless "self-draining" is necessary, then use support on lower plane as shown at left.



## CABLE RESTRAINT

Please refer to the illustration below when installing cable restraint on all moveable gas fryers.



I-bolt is to be secured to the building using acceptable building construction practices.

## CAUTION

### DRY WALL CONSTRUCTION

Secure I-bolt to a building stud. DO NOT attach to dry wall on ly. Also, locate the I-bolt at the same height as the gas service. Preferred installation is approximately six inches to either side of service. Cable restraint must be at least six inches shorter than flexible gas line.

## CAUTION

Utilize elbows when necessary to avoid sharp kinks or excessive bending. For ease of movement, install with a "lazy" loop. Gas appliance must be disconnected prior to maximum movement. (Minimum movement is permissible for hose disconnection).

## 2-7. GAS LEAK TEST

### **NOTICE**

Prior to turning the gas supply on, be sure the gas valve knob on the gas control valve is in the OFF position. The word OFF is at the bottom of the knob when the valve is closed.

Upon initial installation, and after moving the unit, the piping and fittings should be checked for gas leaks. A simple checking method is to turn on the gas, and brush all connections with a soap solution. If bubbles occur, it indicates escaping gas. In this event, the piping connection must be redone.



**To avoid fire or explosion, never use a lighted match or open flame to test for gas leaks. Ignited gas could result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.**

## 2-8. GAS PRESSURE REGULATOR SETTING

The gas pressure regulator on the gas control valve is factory set as follows:

Natural: 3.5 inches water column (0.87 kPa)

Propane: 10.0 inches water column (2.49 kPa)

### **NOTICE**

The gas pressure regulator has been set by Henny Penny and is not to be adjusted by the user.



**MAKE SURE GAS PRESSURE IS SET CORRECTLY. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN RESULT IN SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT, WHICH COULD CAUSE SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

## **2-9. ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS**

The gas fryer requires 120 volt, 60 Hertz, 1 phase, 10 amp, 3-wire grounded (earthed) service, or 230 volt, 50 Hertz, 1 phase, 5 amp, service. The 120 volt gas fryer is factory equipped with a grounded (earthed) cord and plug for your protection against shock, and should be plugged into a three-prong grounded (earthed) receptacle. Do not cut or remove grounding (earthing) prong. A wiring diagram is located behind the right side panel, and can be accessed by removing the side panel. The 230 volt plug must conform to all local, state, and national codes.



**To avoid electrical shock, do not disconnect the ground (earth) plug. This fryer must be adequately and safely grounded (earthed). Refer to local electrical codes for correct grounding (earthing) procedures or in absence of local codes, with The National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70-(the current edition). In Canada, all electrical connections are to be made in accordance with CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, and/or local codes.**

**To avoid electrical shock, this appliance must be equipped with an external circuit breaker which will disconnect all ungrounded (unearthed) conductors. The main power switch on this appliance does not disconnect all line conductors.**

## BOIL-OVER PREVENTION IN HENNY PENNY FRYERS



**FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT WHICH COULD CAUSE SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

- **THE SHORTENING SHOULD BE STIRRED ONLY DURING THE MORNING START-UP PROCEDURE. DO NOT STIR THE SHORTENING AT ANY OTHER TIME.**
- **FILTER THE SHORTENING AT LEAST TWICE A DAY.**
- **FILTER ONLY WHEN “COOL” IS DISPLAYED.**
- **BRUSH ALL CRACKLINGS FROM FRYPOT SURFACES AND THE COLD ZONE DURING THE FILTERING PROCESS.**
- **MAKE SURE THE FRYER IS LEVEL.**
- **BE CERTAIN THE SHORTENING IS NEVER ABOVE THE UPPER FRYPOT LEVEL INDICATOR LINES.**
- **BE CERTAIN THAT THE GAS CONTROL VALVE AND BURNERS ARE PROPERLY ADJUSTED (GAS UNITS ONLY).**
- **USE RECOMMENDED PRODUCT LOAD SIZE.**

**FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THESE INSTRUCTIONS, REFER TO THE HENNY PENNY OPERATOR’S MANUAL AND THE KFC STANDARDS LIBRARY.**

**FOR ASSISTANCE, CALL THE HENNY PENNY SERVICE DEPARTMENT AT  
1-800-417-8405 OR 1-937-456-8405.**



## **SECTION 3. OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS**

### **3-1. OPERATING COMPONENTS**

#### **POWER/PUMP Switch**

A three-way switch with center OFF position; move the switch to the position marked POWER to operate the fryer; move the switch to the position marked PUMP to operate the filter pump; certain conditions must be met prior to operation of the filter pump; these conditions are covered later in this section

#### **Frypot**

This reservoir holds the cooking shortening, and is designed to accommodate the burner tubes, 8 head of product, and an adequate cold zone for collection of cracklings

#### **Carrier**

This stainless steel carrier consists of five racks, containing the food product during and after frying (4 cook racks and 1 cover rack)

#### **Lid Gasket**

Provides the pressure seal for the frypot chamber

#### **Deadweight Assembly**

The deadweight style operating pressure relief valve is used to maintain a constant level of steam pressure within the frypot; any excess steam pressure is vented through the exhaust stack; remove the deadweight cap, and clean the cap, deadweight, and dead weight orifice once a day; see Preventive Maintenance Section



**Failure to clean the deadweight assembly daily could result in the fryer building too much pressure. Severe injuries and burns could result.**

#### **Safety Relief Valve**

An ASME approved spring loaded valve set at 14.5 psi (999 mbar); in the event the operation valve becomes obstructed, this safety valve will release excess pressure, keeping the frypot chamber at 14.5 psi (999 mbar); if this occurs, turn the COOK/ PUMP switch to the OFF position to release all pressure from the frypot



**If safety relief valve activates, turn main power switch to the OFF position. To avoid serious burns and injuries, have fryer serviced before next use.**

### **3-1. OPERATING COMPONENTS** **(Continued)**

#### **Safety Relief Valve Ring**



**DO NOT PULL THIS RING. SEVERE BURNS FROM THE STEAM WILL RESULT.**

#### **Pressure Gauge**

Indicates the pressure inside the frypot

#### **Solenoid Valve**

An electromechanical device that causes pressure to be held in the frypot

The solenoid valve closes at the beginning of the Cook Cycle and opens automatically at the end of the Cook Cycle; if this valve becomes dirty or the teflon seat nicked, pressure will not build and it must be repaired per the Maintenance Section of the Technical Manual

#### **Drain Valve**

A two-way ball valve, normally in the closed position; turn the handle to drain the shortening from the frypot into the filter drain pan



**DO NOT OPEN THE DRAIN VALVE WHILE FRYPOT IS UNDER PRESSURE. HOT SHORTENING WILL EXHAUST, AND SEVERE BURNS WILL RESULT.**

#### **Drain Interlock Switch**

A microswitch that provides protection for the frypot in the event an operator inadvertently drains the shortening from the frypot while the main switch is in the COOK position; the switch is designed to automatically shut off the heat when the drain valve is opened

#### **Condensation Drain Pan**

The collection point for the condensation formed within the steam exhaust system; it must be removed and emptied periodically, usually daily

#### **Shortening Mixing System**

The unit is equipped with a shortening mixing capability to ensure the shortening is properly mixed to prevent an accumulation of moisture, causing boiling action in the frypot; the filter pump is activated by the controls, at preset intervals, to mix the shortening

#### **Lid Latch**

The fryer lid is equipped with a mechanical catch on the front of the lid which engages a bracket on the front of the frypot; this device holds the lid down while the lid is being locked into place, but is not meant to hold pressure in the frypot



### **3-1. OPERATING COMPONENTS** **(Continued)**

#### **High Temperature Limit**



This is a safety component that senses the temperature of the shortening; if the temperature of the shortening exceeds 420°F (216°C), this control opens and shuts off the heat to the frypot; when the temperature of the shortening drops to a safe operation limit, the control must be manually reset by pressing the red reset button, located under the control panel, in the right, front of the fryer

#### **Ignition Modules**

The two ignition modules send 24 volts to the gas control valve and high voltage to the ignitors

#### **Spark Ignitors**

When the pilots are being lit, the spark ignitors are electrically energized and the tip of the ignitors spark to ignite the pilot lights

#### **Flame Sensors**

Sense the pilot lights when the power switch is turned on; if the pilots go out, or do not light, the flame sensors shut the gas off, via the modules

#### **Gas Control Valve**

A dual controller in which one side of the valve controls the pilot light and the other side controls the main burner

#### **Airflow Switch**

Senses the flow of air coming from the blower; if the airflow is reduced below a set amount, the switch cuts power to the gas control valve, which shuts down the burners

### **CAUTION**

*To avoid property damage, do not tamper with or disassemble this component. It is set and sealed from the factory and is not to be adjusted.*

#### **Blower**

Adds the proper amount of air into the burner tubes, so an efficient combustion takes place, and also, pulls the flue gases out to the flue

#### **Air Valve**

Pumps air into the shortening, periodically, to keep the shortening at a uniform temperature; this only functions when the unit has been sitting idle for a period of time, and when heating up from a cold start

### **3-2. LID OPERATION**

To close lid:

1. Lower the lid until gasket comes into contact with the pot and lock the lid in place with the lid latch.
2. Pull lid handle forward until it stops.
3. Lift up on the lid handle until it stops.
4. Bring lid handle out towards you until it stops.
5. Push lid handle down, locking lid in place.



**LID MUST BE LATCHED PROPERLY, OR PRES-SURIZED SHORTENING AND STEAM MAY ESCAPE FRYPOT. SEVERE BURNS WILL RESULT.**

**DO NOT LIFT HANDLE OR FORCE LID LATCH OPEN BEFORE PRESSURE GAUGE READS “0” PSI. ESCAPING STEAM AND SHORTENING WILL RESULT IN SEVERE BURNS.**

**TO AVOID SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY, DO NOT OPERATE WITHOUT LID COVER IN PLACE AND ALL COMPONENTS INSTALLED.**

**TO AVOID SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY, DO NOT TAMPER WITH ANY COMPONENT OF LID LOCKING MECHANISM.**

To open lid:

1. Gently raise handle until it stops.
2. Push handle back until it stops.
3. Lower handle.



*Lower the handle before attempting to raise the lid, or damage to the lid could result.*

4. Push handle back.
5. Unlatch the front lid latch.

### **3-3. MELT CYCLE OPERATION**

If the shortening is below 185°F (85°C) with the POWER/PUMP switch in the POWER position, the fryer will enter the Melt Cycle. The shortening is heated slowly to prevent scorching of the shortening. The heat will cycle on and off to ensure slow melting of shortening. At 185°F (85°C), the heat stays on until 250°F (121°C), the Cool Mode is reached. To exit the Cool Mode, press the EXIT COOL button.

See Filling or Adding Shortening Section.

### **3-4. SWITCHES AND INDICATORS**

Refer to the images on the following pages. The 690 has three possible different decals for the controls - SMS, Non-SMS, and CE.

#### **EXIT COOL Button**

After cooking, or filtering the shortening, the temperature automatically goes into the Cool Mode, which keeps shortening at a lower temperature; this temperature extends the shortening life and minimizes the time to heat the shortening for the next Cook Cycle; EXIT COOL button must be pressed to heat up to setpoint temperature



**ALTHOUGH THE DISPLAY WILL READ “COOL” DURING THE STANDBY MODE, THE SHORTENING IS HOT AND WILL CAUSE BURNS.**

#### **Product Selection Buttons**

Select the number of heads, or product, to be cooked by pressing the button below the menued item; shortening will then heat to drop temperature of that item

Pressing the same button again begins the Cook Cycle; the display changes from “DROP” to counting down the cook time in minutes and seconds

At the end of the Cook Cycle, the alarm sounds and the display reads “DONE”; press the cycle button that is flashing, to stop the alarm ; the fryer then resets to the Cool Mode



A Cook Cycle can be aborted at any time by pressing and holding the product button.

**3-4. SWITCHES AND**  
**INDICATORS (Continued)**

**Time/Temperature Display**

A 4 digit LED type display which shows the remaining cook time during Cook Cycles and also the shortening temperature on demand from the operator

**Heat Indicator**

Illuminates whenever the control calls for heat; when shortening temperature is reached, the heat light goes off

**HI Temperature Indicator**

The display reads “HI” if the shortening temperature is 40° F above the setpoint

**Drop Indicator**

The display reads “DROP” when the shortening has reached the setpoint temperature (will read “DROP” 2° before setpoint and 4° above setpoint )

**Done Indicator**

The display reads “DONE” at the end of the Cook Cycle

**Temperature Button**

Allows the operator to read the temperature of the shortening while in a Cook Cycle

**SCAN Button**

Allows the operator to toggle through any running multiple timers

**FUNCTION Button**

Used in the programming of the controls

**EXIT FILL Button**

After filtering the fryer, if in the Filter Lockout Mode, the display reads “FILL” and the EXIT FILL button must be pressed

**Multiple Timers**

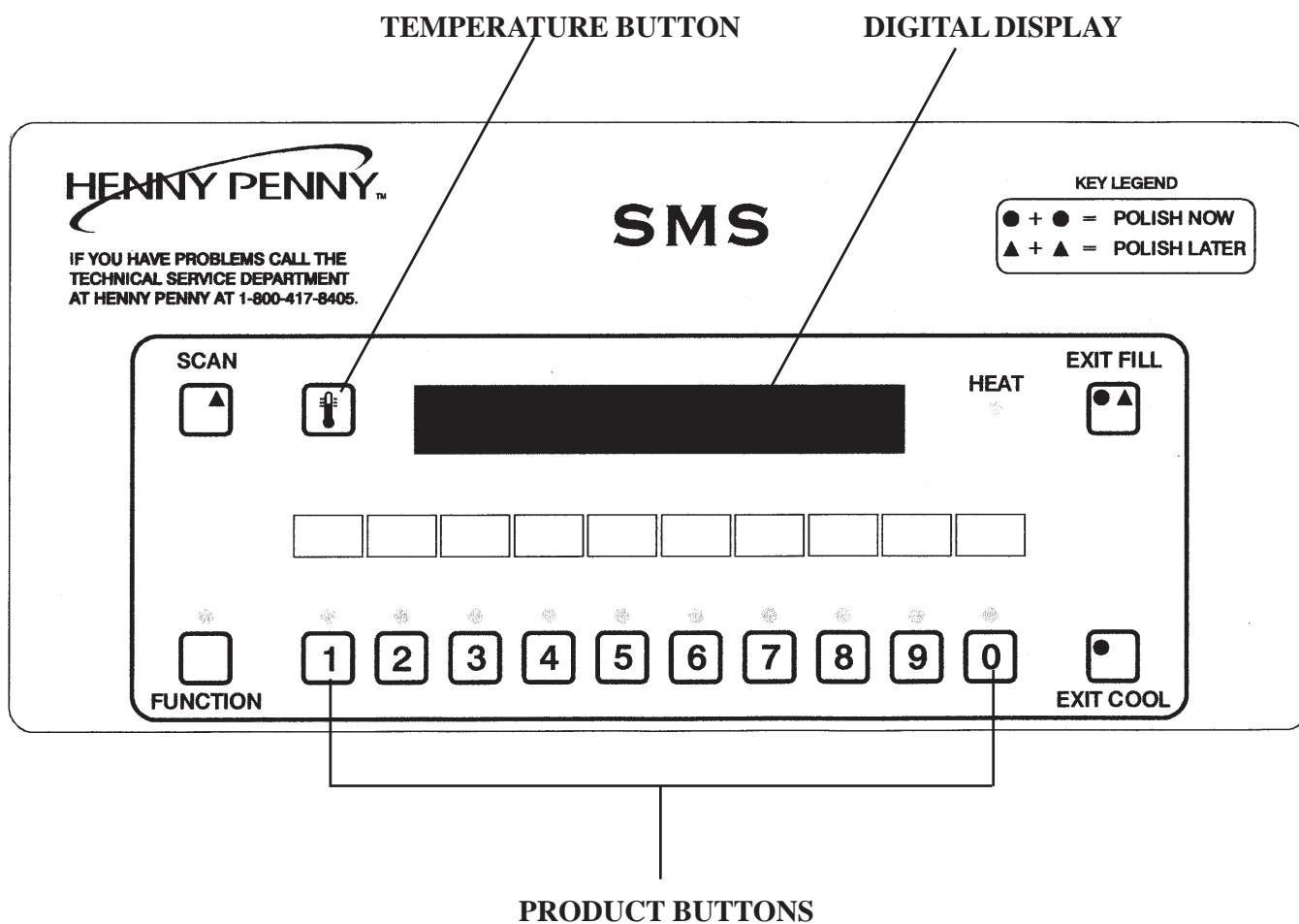
The control has the capability to run multiple timers; if more than one product is being cooked, a timer can be started by pressing more than one product button per Cook Cycle

**NOTICE**

The products must have the same setpoints, and the pressure must be programmed off. See Programming Section.

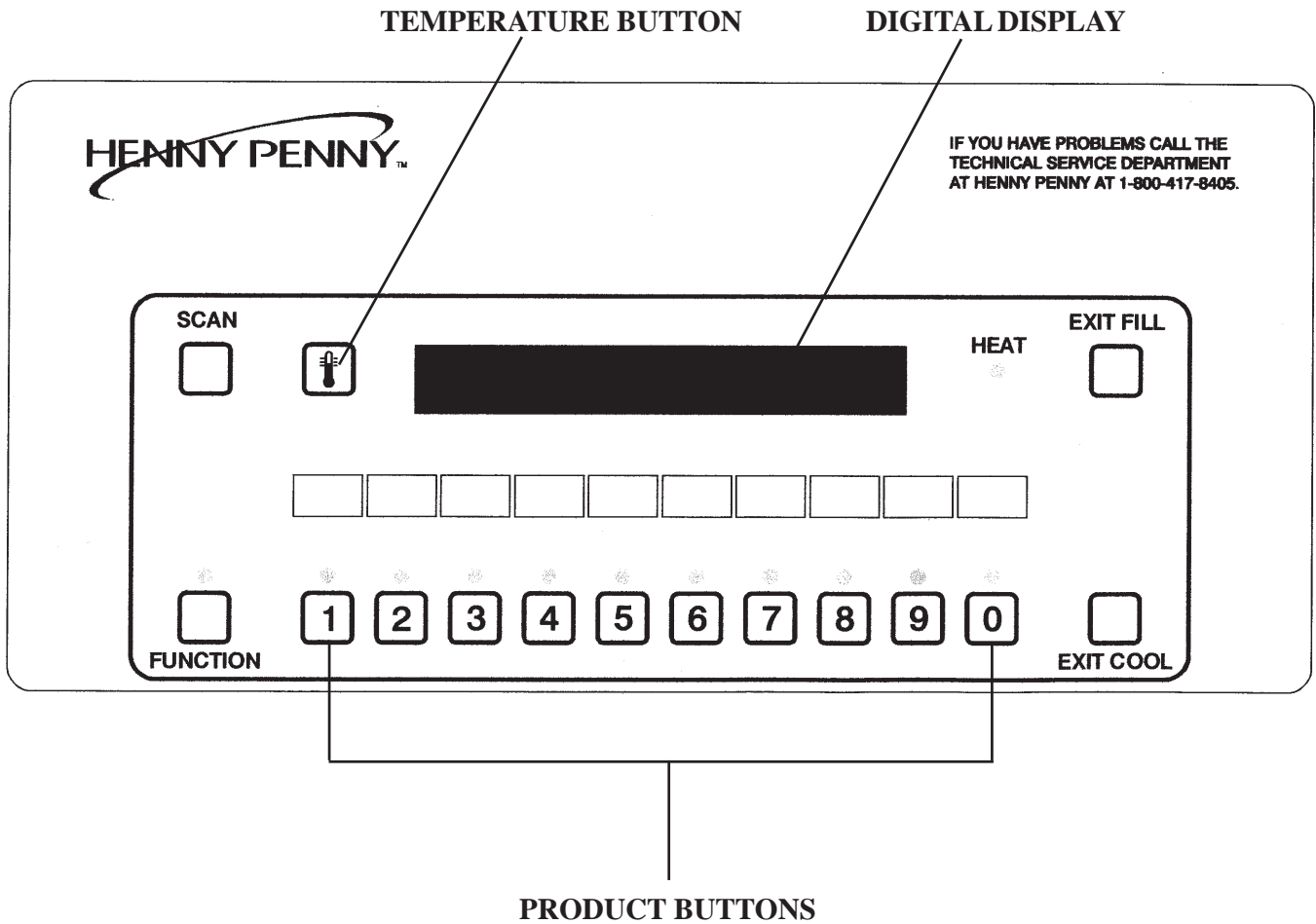
**3-4. SWITCHES AND  
INDICATORS (Continued)**

## SMS Controls



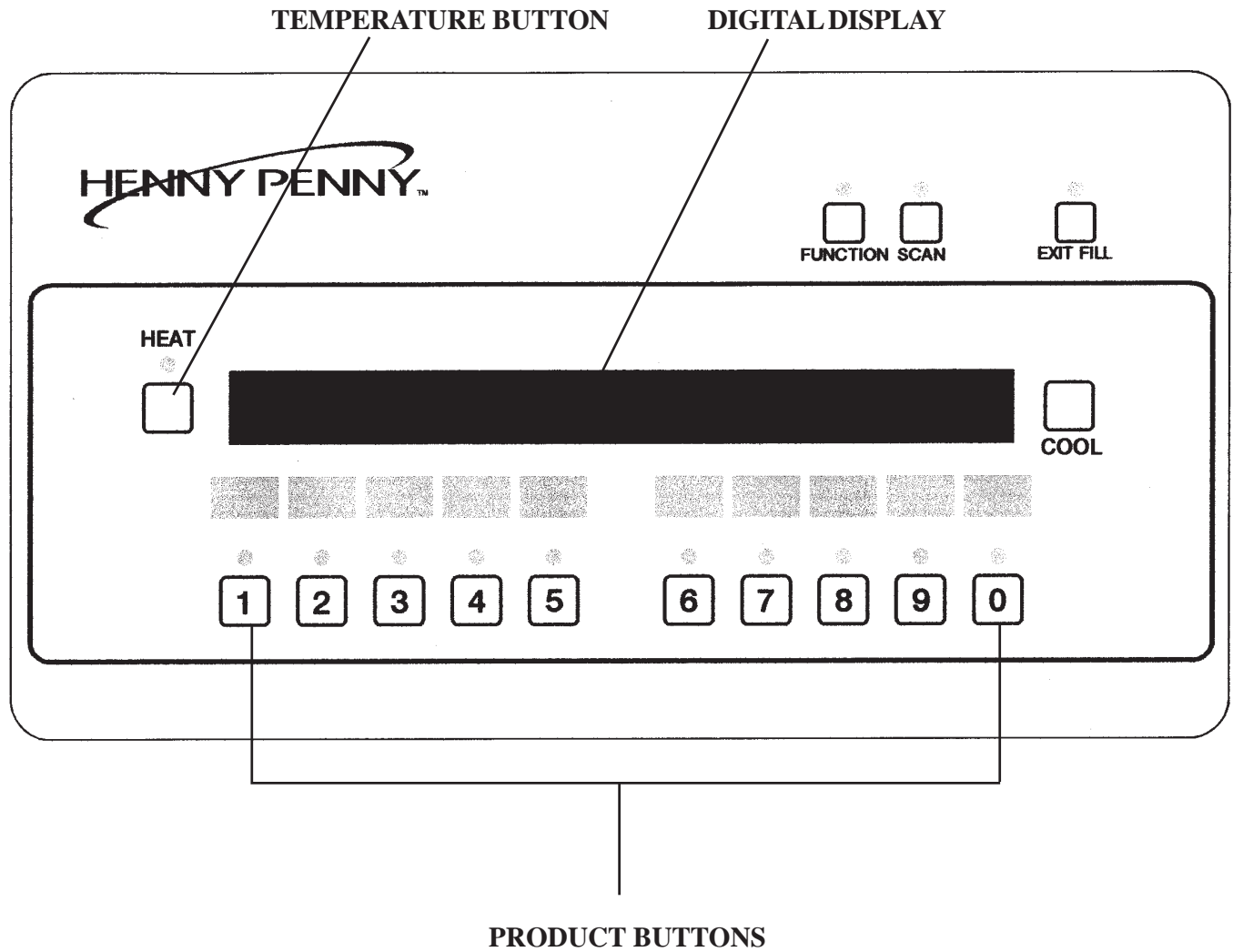
**3-4. SWITCHES AND  
INDICATORS (Continued)**

**Non-SMS Controls**



**3-4. SWITCHES AND  
INDICATORS (Continued)**

**CE Controls**



### **3-5. FILLING OR ADDING SHORTENING**

## **CAUTION**

*The shortening level must always be above the burner tubes when the fryer is heating and at the frypot level indicators on the rear of the frypot (See photo below). Failure to follow these instructions could result in a fire and/or damage to the fryer.*

*When using solid shortening, it is recommended to melt the shortening on an outside heating source before placing it in the frypots. The burner tubes must be completely submerged in shortening. Fire or damage to the frypot could result.*

1. It is recommended that a high quality shortening be used in the fryer. Some low grade shortenings have a high moisture content and will cause foaming and boiling over.



## **WARNING BURN RISK**

**To avoid severe burns when pouring hot shortening into frypot, wear gloves and take care to avoid splashing.**

2. The gas model requires 130 lbs. (59 kg) of shortening. The frypot has 4 level indicator lines inscribed on the rear wall of the frypot which show when the heated shortening is at the proper level. See photo at left.
3. Cold shortening should be filled to the lower indicators.

## **DANGER OVERFLOW RISK**

**BE CERTAIN THE SHORTENING IS NEVER ABOVE THE UPPER LEVEL INDICATOR LINES. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT CAUSING SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

For complete instructions, refer to KFC's Standards Library.



### **3-6. BASIC OPERATION**

Follow the procedure below on the initial start-up of the fryer and each time the fryer is brought back into operation from a cold, or shutdown condition, . These are basic, general instructions. Be sure to follow KFC's Standards Library when operating the fryer.

1. Make sure the shortening is filled to the two lower level indicators in the frypot.



**DO NOT OVERLOAD, OR PLACE PRODUCT WITH EXTREME MOISTURE CONTENT INTO THE RACKS. 32 LBS. (14.5 KG) IS THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF PRODUCT PER FRYPOT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT WHICH COULD CAUSE SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

2. Turn the POWER/PUMP switch to the POWER position and press the appropriate product button to select the amount of product to be cooked.



The controls have a 45-second delay from when the power switch is turned on to when the burners ignite.

All safety devices shut off the gas supply to the burner. Follow the above procedures to restart the fryer. Notify a qualified service technician if the shutdown is repeated.

3. Stir the shortening as it is heating up from a cold start. Be sure to stir down into the cold zone.



**DO NOT STIR THE SHORTENING AT ANY OTHER TIME EXCEPT AT MORNING START-UP. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT WHICH COULD CAUSE SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

### **3-6. BASIC OPERATION** **(Continued)**

4. Allow fryer to heat until digital display shows “DROP”.  
(Press the EXIT COOL button if the display shows “COOL”.)



The heat cycles on and off approximately 10 degrees before the setpoint temperature, to help prevent overshooting the setpoint temperature (proportional control).

5. Before loading product onto the racks, lower racks into the hot shortening to keep the product from sticking to the racks.
6. Slide racks of breaded product into carrier on the lid, starting with the bottom tier, to prevent damaged product.
7. Lower and lock the lid down and press the appropriate product button (2, 4, 6, or 8 head).



**To avoid property damage do not leave fryer unattended.**

8. At the end of the cycle, pressure begins venting automatically, alarm sounds, and the display shows “DONE”. At this time, press the appropriate product button (2, 4, 6, or 8 head).
9. Wait for the pressure gauge to show zero (0) pressure in the pot before attempting to open the lid.



**DO NOT LIFT HANDLE OR FORCE LID LATCH OPEN BEFORE PRESSURE GAUGE READS “0” PSI. ESCAPING STEAM AND SHORTENING WILL RESULT IN SEVERE BURNS.**

10. Unlock and raise the lid cautiously.
11. Using the rack handles, remove the racks of product from the carrier, starting with the top rack.



In the event of a power failure, no attempt should be made to operate the fryer. The fryer is equipped with an automatic ignition system and cannot be operated without electrical power.

### **3-7. CARE OF THE SHORTENING**



**FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS BELOW TO AVOID SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT, WHICH COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

1. To protect the shortening when the fryer is not in immediate use, the fryer should be put into the Cool Mode.
2. Frying breaded products requires filtering to keep the shortening clean. The shortening should be filtered at least twice a day: after lunch rush and at the end of the day.
3. Maintain the shortening at the proper cooking level. Add fresh shortening as needed.
4. Do not overload the racks with product (24 lbs. (10.9 kg) maximum), or place product with extreme moisture content into racks.



**WITH PROLONGED USE, THE FLASHPOINT OF SHORTENING IS REDUCED. DISCARD SHORTENING IF IT SHOWS SIGNS OF EXCESSIVE SMOKING OR FOAMING. SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE COULD RESULT.**

### **3-8. FILTERING OF SHORTENING**

The Henny Penny 8 Head Gas Fryer, Model PFG-690, should be thoroughly cleaned and the shortening must be filtered at least twice daily: after lunch rush and at the end of the day. Refer to KFC's Standards Library.

Filter shortening immediately following a Cook Cycle when the shortening temperature is in the COOL Mode.

## **CAUTION**

*Drain the shortening at 250°F (121°C) or less. Higher temperatures cause cracklings to burn on the steel frypot surfaces after the shortening has drained.*



**ONLY FILTER WHEN “COOL” IS DISPLAYED.  
FAILURE TO DO SO CAN RESULT IN SHORTEN-  
ING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT, CAUSING  
SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE,  
AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

High volume cooking could cause the cold zone to fill quicker with cracklings and cleaning may be required more often. Part of the filtering process involves removing cracklings from the cold zone of the frypot.

1. Turn COOK/PUMP switch to OFF position.
2. Make sure filter drain pan is under fryer and the filter quick disconnect is fastened to the filter standpipe, coming out of the pan.

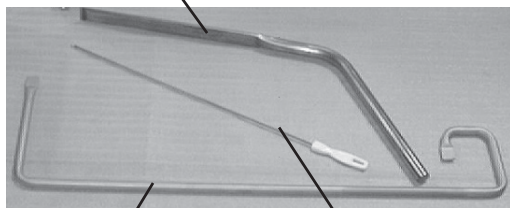


**The filter drain pan must be as far back under fryer as it will go, and the cover in place. Be sure the hole in the cover lines up with the drain before opening the drain. Failure to follow these instructions causes splashing of shortening and could result in personal injury.**

**Surfaces of fryer and racks will be hot. Use care when filtering to avoid getting burned.**

### **3-8. FILTERING OF SHORTENING** **(Continued)**

**SHORTENING  
STIRRER**



**DRAIN CLEANOUT  
ROD**

**SMALL WHITE  
BRUSH**

3. Remove cooking racks and carrier and wipe bottom of lid. Tilt lid out of the way to clean frypot.
4. Pull drain handle towards you to open drain valve. The handle should point straight out to the front of the fryer. Use the large white brush to clean cracklings from the burner tubes and from sides and bottom of frypot as shortening drains. Use the drain cleanout rod to push cracklings through drain in bottom of frypot, if necessary. Using the small straight white brush, clean between the burner tubes and the frypot wall.



**BRUSH ALL CRACKLINGS FROM FRYPOT SURFACES AND THE COLD ZONE DURING THE FILTERING PROCESS. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN RESULT IN SHORTENING OVERFLOWING THE FRYPOT, WHICH COULD CAUSE SERIOUS BURNS, PERSONAL INJURY, FIRE, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.**

5. Scrape cracklings and crackling ring from frypot and discard. Do not let cracklings drain into filter drain pan. These cracklings can cause a burned taste in gravy. Wipe all surfaces with a clean damp towel. If water drops into cold zone, dry with towel before pumping shortening into the frypot.



*Do not bang the pot scraper, or other cleaning utensil, on the frypot rim. Damage to the frypot rim could result and the lid may not seal properly during a cook cycle.*

6. Return drain handle to the closed position to close the drain.
7. Turn POWER/PUMP switch to PUMP and when all shortening has been pumped into frypot, turn POWER/PUMP switch to OFF.



**IF THERE ARE AIR BUBBLES COMING UP IN THE SHORTENING, IT'S POSSIBLE THAT THE FILTER CONNECTION AT THE UNION ON THE FILTER TUBE IS NOT TIGHTENED PROPERLY. IF SO, TURN OFF THE PUMP AND USE PROTECTIVE CLOTH OR GLOVE WHEN TIGHTENING THE UNION. THIS UNION WILL BE HOT AND SEVERE BURNS COULD RESULT.**

### **3-9. CHANGING THE FILTER ENVELOPE**

The filter envelope should be changed after 10-12 filterings, or whenever it becomes clogged with crumbs. Refer to KFC's Standards Library.



**Use protective cloth or glove when disconnecting the filter union or severe burns could result.**

**If the filter pan is moved while full of shortening, use care to prevent splashing, or severe burns could result.**



Be sure that the filter screens, crumb catcher, filter clips and the standpipe are thoroughly dry before assembly of the filter envelope or water will dissolve the filter paper.

### **3-10. LIGHTING AND SHUTDOWN OF THE BURNERS**

To light burner:

1. Turn POWER/PUMP switch to the OFF position.
2. Rotate gas control valve knob clockwise to OFF position and wait at least five (5) minutes before continuing to next step.
3. Rotate gas control valve knob counterclockwise to ON position.
4. Place electrical POWER/PUMP switch to POWER position. The burners light and operate in a melt cycle mode until shortening reaches a preset temperature.
5. Press cycle selection switch after temperature is displayed on front of control panel.

To shut down burner:

1. Turn POWER/PUMP switch to the OFF position.
2. Rotate gas control valve knob to the OFF position.

This fryer is equipped with a grounded (earthed) cord and plug for your protection against shock and should be plugged into a three-prong grounded (earthed) receptacle. Do not cut or remove grounding prong.

### **3-11. CLEANING THE FRYPOT**

After the initial installation of the fryer, as well as before every change of shortening, the frypot should be thoroughly cleaned as follows:

1. Turn the POWER/PUMP switch to OFF, and unplug unit from wall receptacle.



**Moving the fryer or filter drain pan while containing hot shortening is not recommended. Hot shortening can splash out and severe burns could result.**

**The filter drain pan must be as far back under fryer as it will go, and the cover in place. Be sure the hole in the cover lines up with the drain before opening the drain. Failure to follow these instructions causes splashing of shortening and could result in personal injury.**

2. If hot shortening is present in the frypot, it must be drained by slowly pulling the drain handle out towards you.
3. Close the drain valve and discard the shortening.
4. Raise lid, remove the racks and carrier from lid, and tilt the lid back, so that the lid won't interfere with cleaning.
5. Refer to KFC's Standards Library on cleaning instructions.



**DO NOT CLOSE LID WITH WATER AND/OR CLEANER IN FRYPOT. WATER UNDER PRESSURE BECOMES SUPERHEATED. WHEN LID IS OPENED, ESCAPING WATER AND STEAM WILL RESULT IN SEVERE BURNS.**



**If the cleaning solution in the frypot starts to foam and boil over, immediately turn the power switch to OFF and do not try to contain it by closing the fryer lid or severe burns could result.**



### **3-11. CLEANING THE FRYPOT** **(Continued)**

## **CAUTION**

*Do not use steel wool, other abrasive cleaners, or cleaners/sanitizers containing chlorine, bromine, iodine, or ammonia chemicals as these will deteriorate the stainless steel material and shorten the life of the unit.*

*Do not use a water jet (pressure sprayer) to clean the unit, or component damage could result.*

## **NOTICE**

Make sure the inside of the frypot, the drain valve opening, and all parts that come in contact with the new shortening are as dry as possible.

### **3-12. FILTER PUMP MOTOR PROTECTOR-MANUAL RESET**



The filter pump motor is equipped with a manual reset button, located on the rear of the motor, in case the motor overheats. If motor won't run, wait approximately 5 minutes before attempting to reset this protective device to allow motor to cool. Remove the access panel on the left side panel of the unit to reset the button. It takes some effort to reset, and a screwdriver can be used to help reset the button.



**To prevent burns caused by splashing shortening, turn the unit's main power switch to the OFF position before resetting the filter pump motor's manual reset protection device.**

### **3-13. REGULAR MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

As in all food service equipment, the Henny Penny Pressure Fryer does require care and proper maintenance. The table below provides a summary of scheduled maintenance. The following paragraphs provide preventive maintenance procedures to be performed by the operator.

#### **Procedure**

Filtering of shortening  
Changing of shortening  
Changing the filter envelope  
Cleaning the deadweight assy.  
Cleaning the frypot  
Cleaning the Nylatrons  
Reversing lid gasket  
Checking/cleaning dilution box  
Cleaning blower  
Lubricate rear lid rollers  
Cleaning safety relief valve

#### **Frequency**

See KFC's Standards Library  
See KFC's Standards Library  
See KFC's Standards Library  
Daily-see Preventive Maint. Section  
See KFC's Standards Library  
Monthly-see Preventive Maint. Section  
Every 90 Days-see Preventive Maint. Section  
Annually-see Preventive Maint. Section  
Annually-see Preventive Maint. Section  
Annually-see Preventive Maint. Section  
Annually-see Preventive Maint. Section



### 3-14. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE



If moving fryer to perform preventive maintenance:

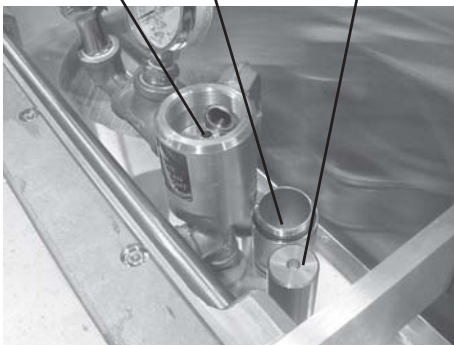
- Gas supply should be turned off to avoid fire or explosion.
- Electrical supply should be unplugged or wall circuit breaker turned off to avoid electrical shock.

#### Cleaning Deadweight Assembly - Daily



**DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE DEADWEIGHT CAP WHILE FRYER IS OPERATING. SEVERE BURNS OR OTHER INJURIES WILL RESULT.**

ORIFICE    CAP    DEADWEIGHT



1. At the end of each day's usage of the fryer, the deadweight assembly must be cleaned. The fryer must be off and the pressure released. Open the lid and then remove the deadweight cap and deadweight.



**Deadweight cap may be hot. Use protective cloth or glove, or burns could result.**

**Failure to clean the deadweight assembly daily could result in the fryer building too much pressure. Severe injuries and burns could result.**

2. Wipe both the deadweight cap and deadweight with a soft cloth. Make certain to thoroughly clean inside the cap, the deadweight seat, and around the deadweight orifice.
3. Clean the exhaust tube with stainless steel brush (Henny Penny part number 12147).
4. Dry the parts and replace them immediately to prevent damage or loss.

#### Cleaning Nylatrons - Monthly

1. Spray Henny Penny biodegradable, food safe, foaming degreaser (part no. 12226) on Nylatrons.
2. Raise lid up and down several times to spread the degreaser.
3. Wipe Nylatrons to remove food soil, grease, and degreaser residue.



### 3-14. **PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE** **(Continued)**



#### **Reversing Lid Gasket - Every 90 Days**

Reversing the lid gasket helps to prevent early failure of the lid gasket and the loss of pressure during a Cook Cycle.

1. Raise the lid and remove the racks and carrier.
2. Grasping the lid handle, lift the front of the lid up until it stops in an upright position.



**Be sure the metal arm on the left side of the lid is in the vertical position holding the lid upright, or severe injuries could result. (See photo at left.)**

3. Using a thin blade screwdriver, pry out the gasket at the corners. Remove the gasket.



Check the gasket for any tears or nicks. If the gasket is damaged, it needs to be replaced.

4. Clean the gasket and gasket seat with hot water.
5. Rotate the gasket with the opposite side facing out.



Install the four corners of the lid gasket. Smooth the gasket into place, working from the corners towards the middle of each side.

#### **Checking/Cleaning Dilution Box - Annually**

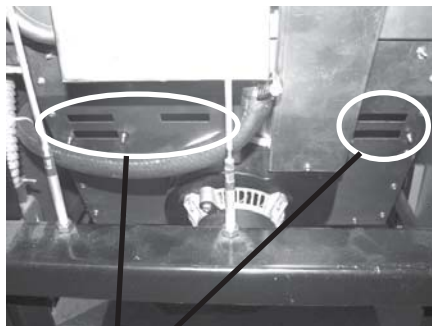
Cleaning the dilution box helps to ensure the unit operates efficiently and with few failures.

1. Make sure unit is off, and close and lock the lid.



**Lid should be in locked down position. Failure to do so could result in personal injury.**

### **3-14. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE (Continued)**



**DILUTION  
SLOTS**



**SAFETY RELIEF  
VALVE**

2. Remove the back shroud of the fryer.
3. Clean the dilution box with a cloth or brush. Make sure the slots are free of debris. Replace the back shroud when finished.

### **NOTICE**

Depending on the breaching location and conditions within the kitchen area, the dilution slots may need to be cleaned more often. See example below:



### **Cleaning Safety Relief Valve - Annually**



**DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE THE SAFETY VALVE WHILE FRYER IS OPERATING, OR SEVERE BURNS OR OTHER INJURIES WILL RESULT.**

**DO NOT DISASSEMBLE OR MODIFY THIS SAFETY VALVE. TAMPERING WITH THIS VALVE COULD CAUSE SERIOUS INJURIES AND WILL VOID AGENCY APPROVALS AND APPLIANCE WARRANTY.**

1. Use a wrench to remove pressure gauge.
2. Use a wrench to loosen the valve from the pipe tee, turn counterclockwise to remove.
3. Clean the inside of the pipe tee with hot water.

### **NOTICE**

Turn the safety relief valve towards the rear of the fryer when reinstalling the relief valve.

4. Immerse the safety relief valve in a soapy water solution for 24 hours. Use a 1:1 dilution rate. The valve cannot be disassembled. It is factory preset to open at 14-1/2 pounds of pressure. If it does not open or close, it must be replaced.

### **3-14. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE (Continued)**



#### **Lubricating Lid Rollers - Annually**

The lid rollers, in the back of the fryer, should be lubricated at least once a year, to allow the lid easy movement.

1. Remove the back shroud of the fryer.
2. Using spindle lube, part number 12124, place a small amount of lube on both top and bottom rollers. Make sure to lube both left and right rollers.

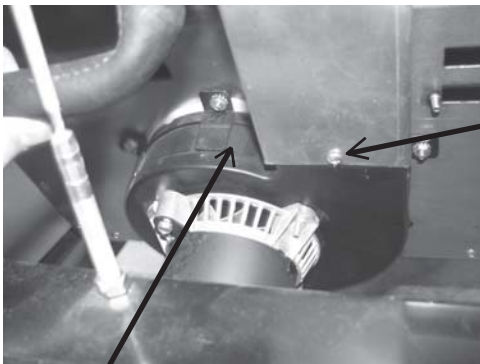
#### **Cleaning Blower Wheel - Annually**

The blower wheel must be cleaned annually to ensure the unit operates efficiently and without failures.

Make sure unit is off, and close and lock the lid.



**Lid should be in locked down position. Failure to do so could result in personal injury.**



**Blower Motor**

2. Remove the back shroud of the unit.
3. Using a Phillip's-head screwdriver, remove the screw securing the flue to the blower.
4. Using a 3/8" socket or wrench, remove the 5 nuts securing the blower motor and pull motor from unit.
5. Clean the fins of the blower wheel, using a brush or straight blade screwdriver. Make sure the fins are clean of any debris.



Depending on the breeding location and conditions within the kitchen area, cleaning the blower wheel may need to be done more frequently.

### **3-15. PROGRAMMING**

#### **NOTICE**

For gas fryers, when the power is interrupted to the control it re-starts the lighting sequence. Failure to re-light would result in a error which would require the user to turn the unit off and then back on.

1. Press and hold the FUNCTION button for 2 seconds. “REG PROGRAM” will show in the display, followed by “CODE”.
2. Press the code 1,2,3. “SELECT PRODUCT” will scroll across the display.

#### **NOTICE**

If no buttons are pressed within approximately 1 minute while in the Program Mode, the controls will revert back to the Cook Mode.

3. Press the appropriate product button (1-0) to identify what product you want to program.
4. “INT1” and “TIME” will flash on the left side of the display. The right side will show the starting time of the cook cycle and can be changed by pressing the appropriate numbers. Ex: Press 1,0,0,0 and “10:00” will flash on the right side of the display, setting the start time at 10 minutes.
5. After the time is set, press and release the FUNCTION button and “INT1” and “TEMP” will flash on the left side of the display. The right side will show the starting temperature and can be changed by pressing the appropriate numbers. Ex: Press 2,5,0 and “250° F” will show on the right side of the display, setting the start temperature at 250° Fahrenheit.
6. After the temperature is set, press and release the FUNCTION button; and “INT1” and “PRESS” will flash on the left side of the display. Press any of the product buttons (1-0) to turn the pressure on or off.
7. After the pressure is set, press and release the FUNCTION button; and “INT1”, “LOAD”, and “COMP” will flash on the left side of the display. The factory preset load compensation value shows in the right side of the display.



### **3-15. PROGRAMMING** **(Continued)**

8. After the load compensation, press and release the FUNCTION button. “PROP” and “CONTROL” show on the left side of the display, and the factory preset proportional control temperature shows on the right side of the display.
9. After the proportional control, press and release the FUNCTION button. “ALM 1” and “TIME” flash on the left side of the display, and the first alarm time shows on the right side of the display. To change the time the alarm sounds, press the appropriate product buttons to set the time. Ex: Press 1,0,0,0. “10:00” will flash on the right side of the display, which means when the timer counts down 10 minutes, an alarm will sound.
10. After the alarm is set, press and release the FUNCTION button. “ALM 1”, “SELF-”, and “CANCEL” flash on the left side of the display, and “YES” or “NO” shows on the right side of the display. The yes and no can be toggled by pressing any of the product buttons (1-0). YES means the alarm tone will automatically stop after several beeps. NO means someone must manually press the appropriate product button to stop the alarm tone.
11. Repeat steps 9 and 10 for alarms 2 and 3.
12. After alarm 3 is set, press and release the FUNCTION button. “FILTER” and “CYCLES” show on the left side of the display, and the filter cycle value is on the right side of the display. The value is the number of cook cycles that must be completed before the control signals the operator that the shortening needs filtered.

### **3-15. PROGRAMMING** **(Continued)**

13. After the filter value is set, press and release the FUNCTION button. “EOC” and “EXIT” flash on the left side of the display, and “COOL” shows on the right side of the display. The end-of-cycle (EOC) exit point can be set to COOL, SETP, or FITR by pressing any of the product buttons (EOC). At the end of a cook cycle, the controls can be set to return to: COOL, the setpoint temperature, or to signal the operator to filter the shortening.
14. After the end-of-cycle setpoint is set, press and release the FUNCTION button. “HEAD” and “COUNT” flashes on the left side of the display, and a number shows on the right side of the display. The number on the right is the number of headlocks looked when that product button is pressed. The number can be changed by pressing the appropriate product button.

**NOTICE**

Another product can be programmed while in the program mode by following these procedures:

Press and hold the SCAN button at any time while in the Program mode, and the display will scroll “SELECT PRODUCT”. Then press any of the product buttons (1-0), and that product can be programmed.

15. To program a second interval, press and release the SCAN button while in the Time mode of the first mode. “INT2” and “TIME” will flash on the left side of the display. Then follow the steps above, starting with step 4.

### **3-16. SPECIAL PROGRAM MODE**

#### **Review Usage**

1. Press and hold the FUNCTION button for 2 seconds until “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display. As soon as “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display, press and release the FUNCTION button one time until “REVIEW USE” shows in the display.
2. “DAILY” shows in the display. Press any of the product buttons to view the usage of that product. Press and hold the FUNCTION button to exit Special Program mode.

**3-16. SPECIAL PROGRAM MODE**  
**(Continued)**

**Reset Usage**

1. Press and hold the FUNCTION button for 2 seconds until “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display. As soon as “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display, press and release the FUNCTION button two times until “RESET USE” shows in display.
2. When “CODE” shows in the display, press 1,3,5. “DAILY” will show in the display; then press any of the product buttons to reset them to 0.

**Factory Presets (F/C, Gas/Electric, Speaker Volume, Speaker Frequency, Codes, Initialize System)**

1. Press and hold the FUNCTION button for 2 seconds until “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display. As soon as “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display, press and release the FUNCTION button three times until “FAC PRESET” shows in the display.
2. When “CODE” shows on the display, enter 2,9,5,7. “DEG” and “MODE” flash in the display. Press any of the product buttons to toggle from “°F” to “°C”, and vice versa.
3. Press and release the FUNCTION button, and “TYPE” and “FRYR” flash in the display. Press any of the product buttons to toggle from “GAS” to “ELEC”, or vice versa.
4. Press and release the FUNCTION button twice, and “SPKR” and “VOL” flash in the display. The volume can be changed from 01 to 10, 10 being the loudest.
5. Press and release the FUNCTION button three times, and “SPKR” and “FREQ” will flash in the display. The frequency can be set from 100 to 2000.
6. Press and release the FUNCTION button 10 times, and “INITIALIZE SYSTEM” scrolls across the display. Press and hold any of the product buttons and the display will count down from 5. Once the display counts down, release the product button, and the control will set factory-preset parameters into the controls.

**NOTICE**

Before attempting to change the other modes in the Factory Preset mode, please call the Henny Penny Technical Service Department at 800-417-8405 or 1-937-456-8405.



**3-16. SPECIAL PROGRAM MODE**  
**(Continued)**

- Tech I/O Mode**
1. Press and hold the FUNCTION button for 2 seconds until “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display. As soon as “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display, press and release the FUNCTION button four times until “TECH I-O” shows in the display.
  2. When “CODE” shows in the display, press 2,4,6 (1,7,7,6 for CE units). “HEAT”, “PRESSURE”, and “PUMP” will show alternately, in the display. Also, the LEDs over 1, 2, and 3 will flash alternately.
  3. To test the heat circuit, press and hold the 1 button.
  4. To test the pressure system, press and hold the 2 button.
  5. To test the pump system, press and hold the 3 button.
- CE Only:**
6. To test the blower, press and hold the 4 button.
  7. To test the module, press and hold the 5 button.

**NOTICE**

To test the heat output on CE units, the blower and modules must first be turned on.

**Appliance Test**

Press and hold the FUNCTION button for 2 seconds until “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display. As soon as “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display, press and release the FUNCTION button five times until “APPL TEST” shows in the display.

With the power switch on, the display will show “CURR=”, along with the time it took the unit to heat from 250° to 300° F (121° to 149° C) . This is normally recorded from the initial heat up in the morning.

### **3-16. SPECIAL PROGRAM** **MODE (Continued)**

#### **Heat Control**

1. Press and hold the FUNCTION button for 2 seconds until “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display. As soon as “REG PROGRAM” shows in the display, press and release the FUNCTION button six times until “HEAT CNTRL” shows in the display.
2. When “CODE” shows in the display, press 1,2,3,4. “MELT”, “EXIT”, and “TEMP” will flash in the display, along with the shortening temperature at which the unit will exit the melt cycle. This should be set at 180°F (82°C), and should not be changed until the factory is consulted.
3. Press and release the FUNCTION button, and “MELT”, “CYCLE”, and “100s” show alternately in the display, along with the period (pulse) length of “4000”. This should not be changed until the factory is consulted.
4. Press and release the FUNCTION button twice and “MELT”, “ON-”, “TIME”, and “100s” show alternately in the display, along with the length of time the heat is on. This should be set at 1700, and should not be changed until the factory is consulted.
5. Press and release the FUNCTION button three times, and “COOL”, “SET-”, and “POINT” show alternately in the display, along with the temperature at which the control exits the melt cycle. This is set at 250°F (121°C), and should not be changed until the factory is consulted.
6. Press and release the FUNCTION button four times, and “AUTO” and “IDLE” show alternately in the display, along with “OFF”. This should not be changed until the factory is consulted.
7. Press and release the FUNCTION button five times, and “AUTO”, “IDLE”, and “MMSS” shows alternately in the display, along with 0:00. This should not be changed until the factory is consulted.
8. The last three functions in the Heat Control mode are used by the factory only, and should not be changed.

## SECTION 4. TROUBLESHOOTING

### 4-1. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

| Problem  | Cause  | Correction   |
|--|--|--|
| Power switch on but fryer completely inoperative | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit</li> </ul>                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plug fryer in</li> <li>• Check breaker or fuse at wall</li> </ul>   |
| Pressure not exhausting at end of Cook Cycle     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solenoid or exhaust line clogged</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turn off and allow fryer to cool to release the pressure in frypot; have all lines, solenoid, and exhaust tank cleaned</li> </ul>   |
| Operating pressure too high                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Deadweight clogged</li> </ul>               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turn off and allow fryer to cool to release the pressure in frypot; clean deadweight; see Preventive Maintenance Section</li> </ul> |



**DO NOT OPERATE UNIT IF PRESSURE GAUGE SHOWS HIGH PRESSURE CONDITIONS. SEVERE INJURIES AND BURNS WILL RESULT. IMMEDIATELY PLACE THE POWER/PUMP SWITCH IN THE OFF POSITION, WHICH RELEASES THE PRESSURE BY ALLOWING THE UNIT TO COOL. DO NOT RESUME USE OF UNIT UNTIL CAUSE OF HIGH PRESSURE HAS BEEN FOUND AND CORRECTED.**

|                         |  |   |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| Pressure does not build | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not enough product in frypot</li> <li>• Metal shipping spacer not removed from deadweight</li> <li>• Pressure not programmed</li> <li>• Lid gasket leaking</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Place full capacity product in frypot when using fresh shortening</li> <li>• Remove shipping spacer; see Unpacking Instructions Section</li> <li>• Check programming</li> <li>• Reverse or replace lid gasket</li> </ul> |
| Shortening not heating  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gas valve knob turned to the OFF position</li> <li>• Drain valve open</li> <li>• High temperature limit tripped</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure gas control valve knob is turned to the ON position</li> <li>• Close drain valve</li> <li>• Reset high temperature limit; see Operating Components Section</li> </ul>  |
| Foaming or boiling over | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See Boil-Over chart on fryer and information in this manual</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow Boil-Over procedures from chart</li> </ul>  |
| Shortening not draining | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drain valve clogged</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Push cleaning rod through open drain valve</li> </ul>  |
| Filter motor won't run  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Motor overheated</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reset motor; see Filter Pump Motor Protector-Manual Reset Section</li> </ul>   |

## NOTICE

More detailed troubleshooting information is available in the Technical Manual, available at [www.hennypenny.com](http://www.hennypenny.com), or 1-800-417-8405 or 1-937-456-8405.

## 4-2. ERROR CODES

In the event of a control system failure, the digital display shows an error message. These messages are coded: “E-4”, “E-5”, “E-6”, “E-32”, “E-41” and “E-71”. A constant tone is heard when an error code is displayed, and to silence this tone, press any of the product buttons.

| DISPLAY  | CAUSE   | PANEL BOARD CORRECTION  |
|--|---|---|
| “E-4”  | Control board overheating   | Turn switch to OFF position, then turn switch back to ON; if display still shows “E-4”, the board is getting too hot; check for signs of overheating behind the control panel; once panel cools down the controls should return to normal; if “E-4” persists, have control panel replaced |
| “E-5”  | Shortening overheating  | Turn switch to OFF position, then back to ON; if display shows “E-5”, the heating circuits and temperature probe should be checked; once the unit cools down, the controls should return to normal; if “E-5” persists, have control panel replaced  |
| “E-6”  | Temperature probe failure   | Turn switch to OFF position, then back to ON; if the display shows “E-6”, the temperature probe should be checked; once the probe is repaired, or replaced, the controls should return to normal; if “E-6” persists, have control panel replaced  |
| “E-41”   | Programming failure   | Turn switch to OFF position, then back to ON; if display shows “E-41”, the control should be re-initialized (See Programming Section) if the error code persists, have control panel replaced   |
| “E-71”   | Pump motor relay failure or wiring problem  | Replace relay if contacts are stuck closed; check wiring on POWER/PUMP switch, or at wall receptacle; L1 and N may be reversed  |
| “E32, FAN FAIL ERROR, CHECK BLOWER, CLEAN DILUTIONBOX, CALL HENNY PENNY SERVICE” | Air pressure switch open; clogged dilution box or faulty blower; open drain switch; open high limit | Clean dilution box or replace blower if necessary; have drain switch checked; reset high limit or have high limit checked   |

#### **4-2. ERROR CODES (Continued)**

**CE Only - Along with the error codes from page 4-2, CE units have the following self-diagnostic error codes:**

| <b>DISPLAY</b> | <b>CAUSE</b>  | <b>PANEL BOARD CORRECTION</b>  |
|----------------|---|--|
| “E-10”         | High limit  | Reset the high limit by manually pushing up on the red reset button; if the high limit does not reset, the high limit must be replaced |
| “E-15”         | Drain switch  | Close the drain, using the drain valve handle; if display still shows “E-15”, have the drain microswitch checked                       |
| “E-20A”        | Air pressure switch failure (stuck closed)            | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20A” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |
| “E-20B”        | Draft fan or air pressure switch failure (stuck open) | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20B” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |
| “E-20C”        | Left gas module failure                               | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20C” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |
| “E-20D”        | Right module failure                                  | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20D” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |
| “E-20E”        | Both modules failure                                  | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20E” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |
| “E-20F”        | Left module no flame sense                            | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20F” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |
| “E-20G”        | Right module no flame sense                           | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20G” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |
| “E-20H”        | Both modules no flame sense                           | Press the timer button to try the ignition process again, and if “E-20H” persists, call Henny Penny’s Service Department               |

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## **GLOSSARY**

### **HENNY PENNY PRESSURE FRYERS**

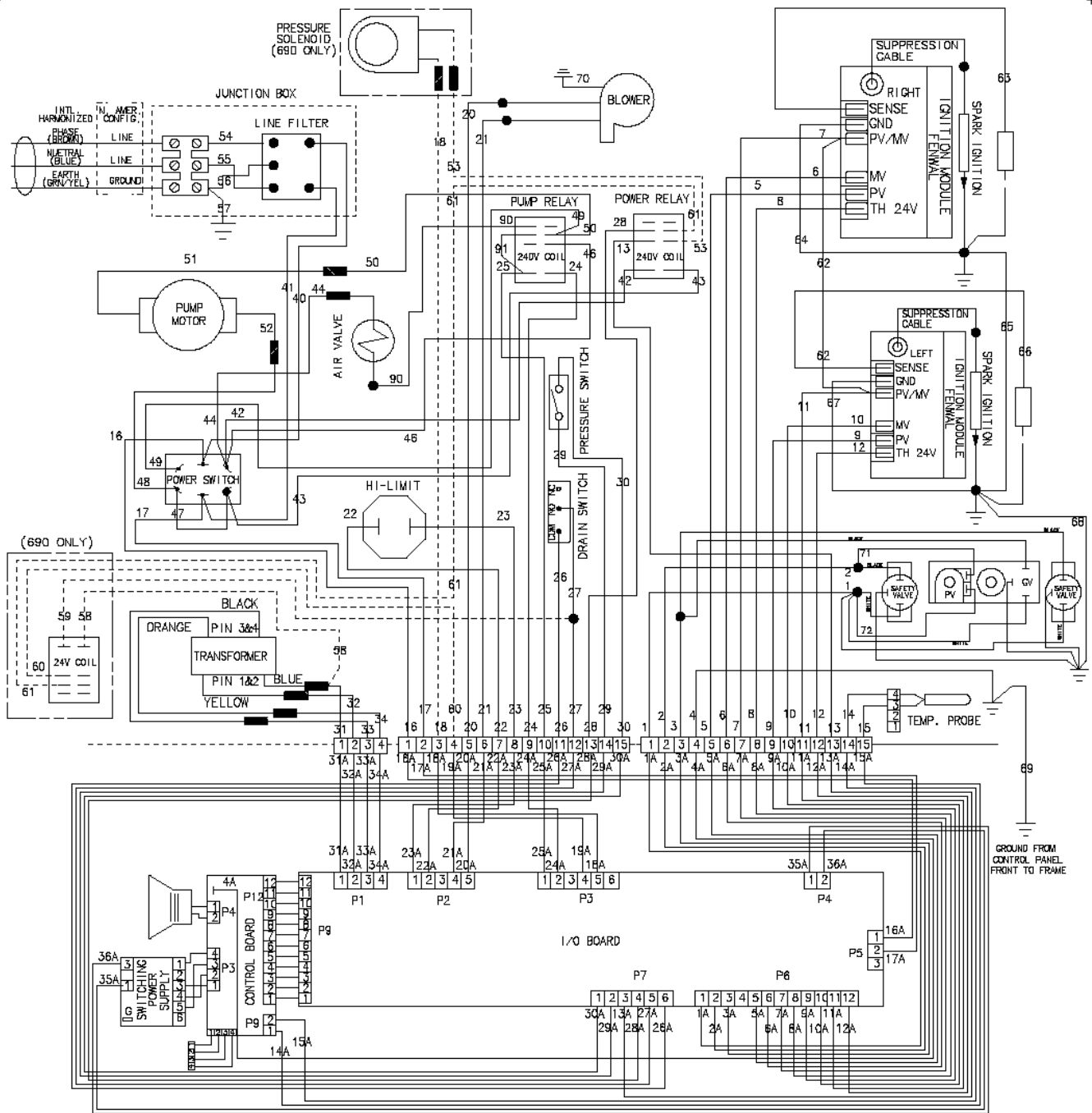
|                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| air valve                            | a valve that allows air into the filter lines when the pump is on in the mixing mode on eight head fryers  |
| airflow switch                       | a switch that senses the amount of airflow coming from the blower; if the airflow falls below a certain level, the switch cuts power to the gas control valve that shuts down the burners on eight head gas fryers |
| blower                               | located on the rear of a eight head gas fryer, the blower pulls flue gases out of the flue and provides the proper amount of air to the burner tubes for efficient combustion                                      |
| breadding                            | a flour and seasoning mixture used to coat the product prior to frying   |
| burner assembly<br>(gas fryers only) | an assembly on gas fryers that houses the pilot light which ignites the gas that heats the fryer   |
| burner chamber<br>(gas fryers only)  | the area on four head fryers in which the gas combustion that heats the shortening takes place   |
| burner tubes<br>(gas fryers only)    | the tubes in eight head fryers through which heated air is forced to heat the shortening   |
| carrier                              | a wire frame inside the eight head frypot that holds five racks of product during the cook cycle   |
| casters                              | the wheels on bottom of the fryer that allow the unit to roll; casters should be locked when unit is in use and not being moved; casters may be adjusted to help level the fryer                                   |
| cleaning solution                    | an agent used to clean the frypot; see recommended cleaning procedures   |
| cold zone                            | an area in the bottom of the frypot where shortening is cooler than the area above; the zone allows the crumbs to settle without burning   |
| condensation drain pan               | a pan located at the bottom of the fryer that collects condensation from the steam exhaust system; the pan should be removed and emptied periodically  |
| cook cycle                           | a programmed cycle that cooks a particular product at a preselected temperature and for a preselected time   |
| cooking load                         | the amount of product cooked during a cook cycle   |
| cool                                 | a preset temperature, usually 250° F (121° C) or less, which can be manually or automatically switched to, to save the life of the shortening, when not cooking.   |
| counterweight                        | the weights shipped with the fryer that, when installed in the counterweight assembly, enable the eight head fryer lid to lift easily  |
| counterweight assembly               | an assembly of weights and cables enabling the eight head fryer lid to lift easily   |
| cracklings                           | the crumbs of breadding that come off the product during a cook cycle  |
| crumb catcher                        | the part of the filter assembly on four head fryers that filters crumbs out of the shortening before the shortening is pumped back into the frypot   |

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| data plate                         | a label or plate located on the right side panel of the fryer that indicates the fryer type, serial number, warranty date, and other information   |
| deadweight                         | a metal cylinder that works with the orifice to regulate the amount of steam entering the deadweight assembly  |
| deadweight valve assembly          | an assembly that controls pressure inside the frypot; the entire deadweight assembly should be cleaned according to the recommended procedures; the assembly is made up of the deadweight, the deadweight cap, the deadweight orifice, the deadweight valve, and the deadweight body |
| deadweight cap                     | a threaded cap that screws onto the deadweight valve housing   |
| deadweight orifice                 | an opening that regulates the amount of steam entering the deadweight assembly   |
| deadweight body                    | a container that holds the deadweight assembly   |
| dilution box<br>(gas fryers only)  | a metal air intake device on the rear of eight head fryers which allows the blower to pull in fresh air  |
| drain interlock switch             | a microswitch that automatically shuts off the fryer heat in the event the drain valve is inadvertently opened while the fryer power switch is in the ON position  |
| drain valve                        | a valve that allows the shortening to drain from the frypot into the filter drain pan; the fryer power switch should be in the OFF position before the drain valve is opened; the drain valve should remain closed at all other times  |
| drop temperature                   | the starting, preset cooking temperature, at which product is placed in the shortening   |
| dumping table                      | a table onto which the cooked product is dumped after removal from the frypot  |
| exhaust hose                       | a hose used to vent steam from the frypot on eight head fryers   |
| fill lines                         | the lines marked on the interior rear wall of the frypot that show the proper shortening level <i>(also referred to as level indicator lines)</i>  |
| filter clips                       | the clips are the part of the filter screen assembly that holds the filter envelope closed   |
| filter union                       | the threaded connection between the fryer and the filter system that can be connected or released without tools  |
| filter drain pan                   | a pan that rolls or slides under the fryer into which shortening is drained  |
| filter envelope                    | a fiber envelope into which the filter screen is placed; the end of the envelope is folded and held closed with filter clips; a part of the filter screen assembly   |
| filter quick disconnect            | an optional connection on the fryers allowing the filter rinse hose to be connected or released without tools  |
| filter screen assembly             | an assembly that filters the shortening as it is pumped from the frypot; the assembly is made up of two filter screens, a filter envelope, and two filter clips <i>(Note: four head fryers have three filter screens that include a crumb catcher)</i>                               |
| flame sensors<br>(gas fryers only) | the sensors that shut off the gas supply to eight head gas fryers if the pilot light goes out or does not light  |

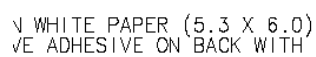


|   |  |
|---|--|
| flashpoint                                  | the temperature at which shortening ignites  |
| frypot                                      | the interior portion of the fryer that holds the shortening and the product while cooking  |
| frypot collar                               | the top flat surface area around the fryer lid   |
| gas control valve<br>(gas fryers only)      | an automatic dual controller that controls gas to both pilot lights and gas pressure to burners on fryers; if either pilot light goes out, the controller shuts off the gas to the other pilot light |
| gas valve knob<br>(gas fryers only)         | the knob that opens and closes the gas control valve   |
| gas pressure regulator<br>(gas fryers only) | a device located on the gas control valve that regulates the gas pressure; the pressure specifications are preset at the factory   |
| heat indicator                              | the light that illuminates when the shortening is being heated; the light goes off when the preset shortening temperature has been achieved  |
| heating elements                            | the coils located inside the frypot on electric fryers that heat the shortening  |
| high limit                                  | a temperature control that opens and shuts off the heat to the frypot if it senses shortening temperature in excess of 420°F (216°C) on eight head fryers and 450°F (232°C) on four head fryers      |
| idle  | a preset temperature, usually 250° F (121° C) or less, which can be manually or automatically switched to, to save the life of the shortening, when not cooking.                                     |
| ignition modules                            | two modules that send electrical energy to the spark igniters that ignite the pilot lights on eight head gas fryers  |
| L-shaped brush                              | a brush included with the fryer that is used to clean around the burner tubes and heating elements   |
| landing table                               | another name for a dumping table ( <i>see dumping table</i> )  |
| level indicator lines                       | lines marked on the interior rear wall of the frypot that show the proper shortening level ( <i>also referred to as fill lines</i> )   |
| lid assembly                                | an assembly comprised of lid, lid handle, lid latch, and lid gasket ( <i>Note: on four head fryers, the lid assembly includes spindles</i> )   |
| lid gasket                                  | the gasket around the lid that creates a seal when the lid is properly latched   |
| lid handle                                  | a handle that is attached to the lid and is used to lower the lid into contact with the frypot; the handle is then pulled forward and pushed down to lock the lid in place ( <i>see lid latch</i> )  |
| lid latch                                   | a mechanical catch on the front of the fryer lid that engages a bracket located on the front of the frypot; the latch holds the lid down while it is locked into place                               |
| manual shutoff valve<br>(gas fryers only)   | a valve located between the fryer and the wall that shuts off the flow of gas from the supply line; this is not the main shutoff valve for the store   |
| P-H-T                                       | the automatic control of pressure, heat, and time to produce appealing food product  |

|                                     |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| pilot orifice<br>(gas fryers only)  | a controlled opening for the pilot light located on the burner assembly  |
| pilot light<br>(gas fryers only)    | a small flame that remains burning even when the fryer is not in use; the flame ignites the gas when the fryer is turned on  |
| power/pump switch                   | a three-way switch located on the front control panel of the fryer that serves as an off/on switch and a filter switch   |
| pressure gauge                      | the gauge located on the left rear corner of the frypot that shows the pressure inside the frypot  |
| pressure pad                        | a piece of plastic on eight head fryers located between the lid locking arm and the lid casting that helps create the seal for the lid; only a service technician should perform maintenance or repair on the pressure pad       |
| product                             | a food item cooked in the fryer  |
| ready                               | the starting, preset cooking temperature, at which product is placed in the shortening   |
| safety relief valve                 | a spring-loaded valve that automatically releases excess pressure if the deadweight assembly becomes obstructed; if the safety relief valve activates, turn the Power/Pump switch to OFF to release all pressure from the frypot |
| setpoint                            | a preset cooking temperature; the setpoint is a programmable feature   |
| shipping spacer                     | a spacer located in the deadweight assembly for protection during shipment   |
| shortening mixing system            | an automatic system on eight head fryers that periodically uses the filter pump to mix the shortening in the frypot to prevent an accumulation of moisture to minimize the boiling action in the frypot                          |
| sift breading                       | the process of removing clumps from breading   |
| solenoid valve                      | a valve used to generate or release pressure for the cook cycle  |
| spark igniters<br>(gas fryers only) | the igniters that create a spark to ignite the pilot lights on eight head gas fryers<br>(see <i>ignition modules</i> )   |
| standpipe                           | the pipe through which shortening is pumped back into the frypot after the filtering process is complete   |
| standpipe assembly                  | the pipe and fittings that are part of the shortening filtering process  |
| straight brush                      | a brush that is included with the fryer that is used to clear the drain in the bottom of the frypot  |
| temperature probe                   | a round probe that is located in the inside of the frypot that measures the temperature of the shortening in the frypot; the probe communicates with the control panel   |



MODEL 390/690  
230V 50/60 Hz  
2+G







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